

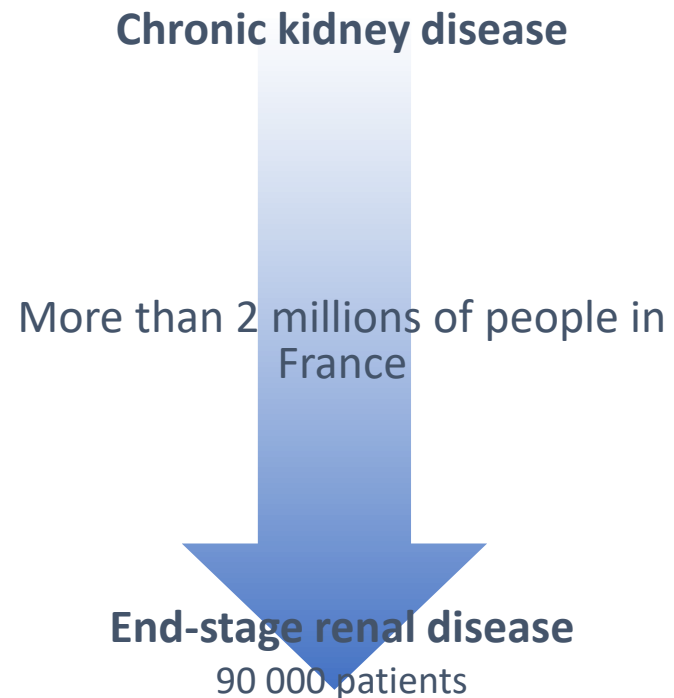
Fibrose rénale

What's new?

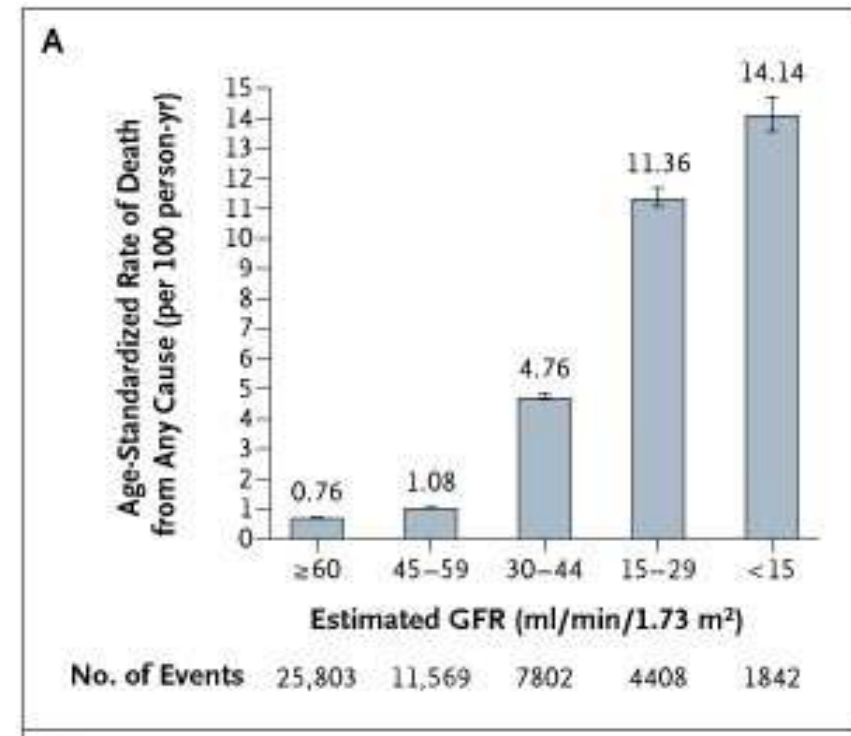
*Camille Cohen,
MD-PhD, Nephrologist*

*Nephrology department hôpital Bichat, junior group leader centre de recherche pour
l'inflammation, INSERM U1149, hôpital Bichat*

Epidémiologie de la maladie rénale chronique



Agence de la Biomédecine. *Rapport REIN 2021*

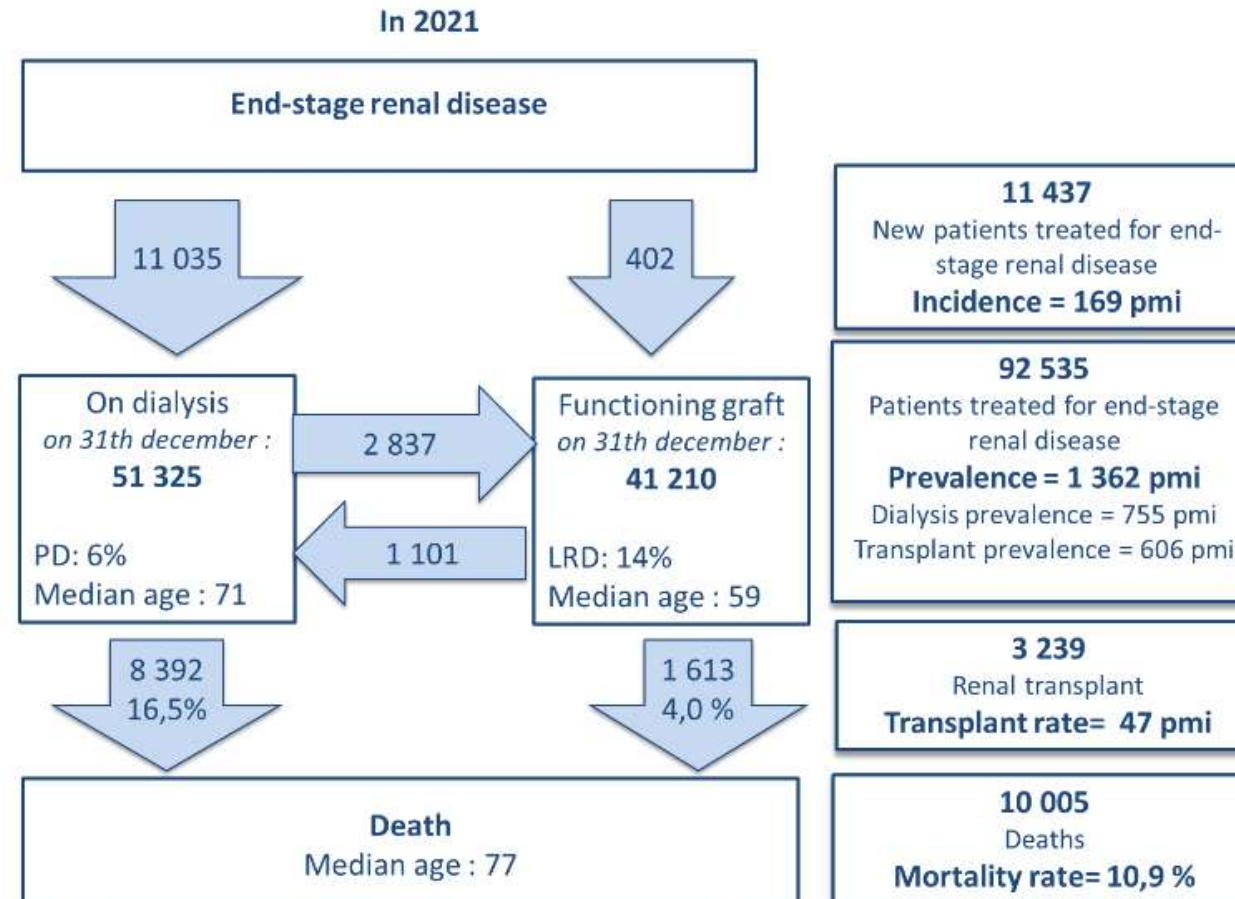


Go et al., NEJM 2004
Hill et al. Plos one 2016

Epidémiologie de la maladie rénale chronique en France

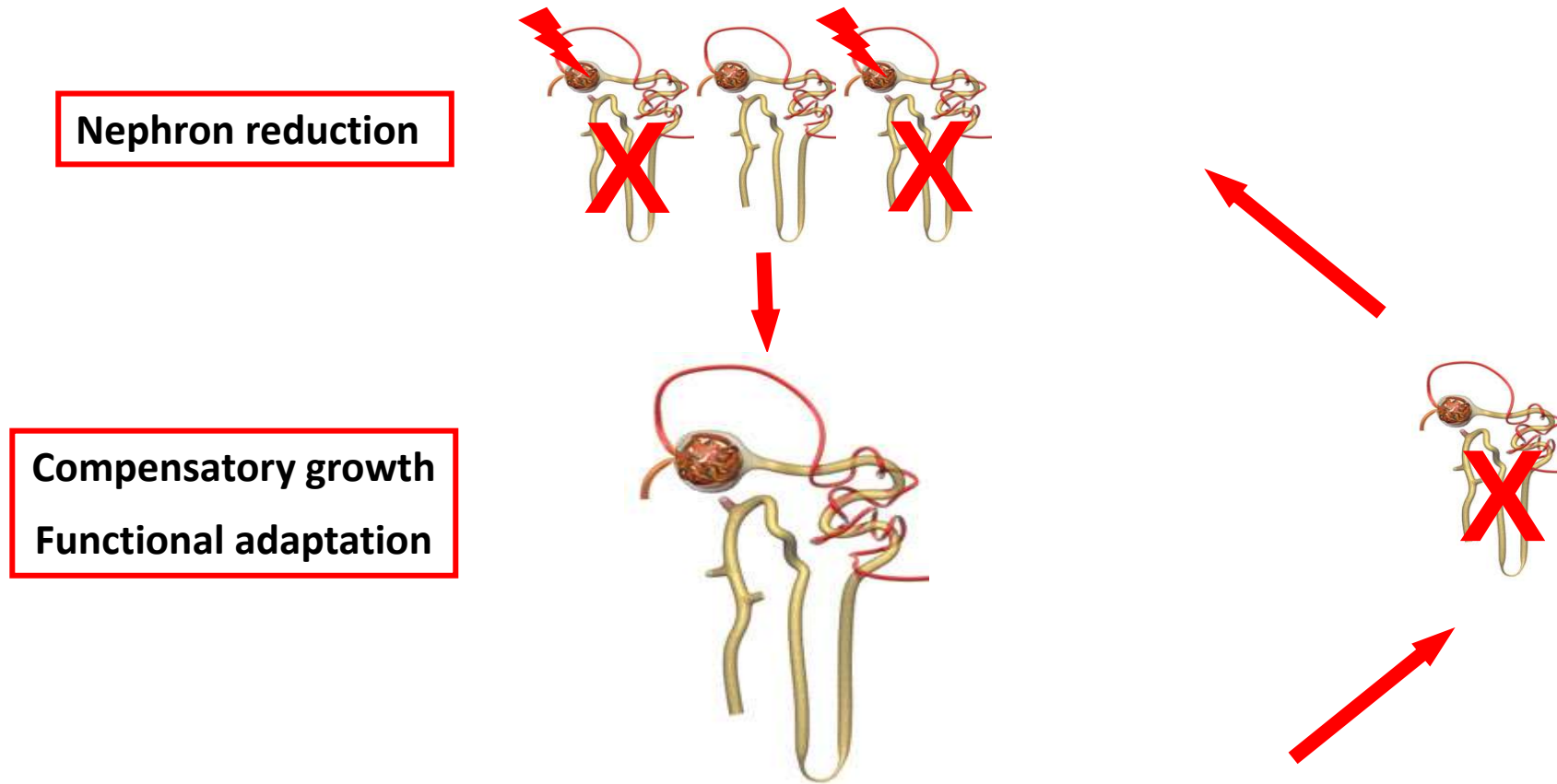


REIN Annual report 2021: Summary



PD : peritoneal dialysis. LRD : living related donor. Pmp : per million population

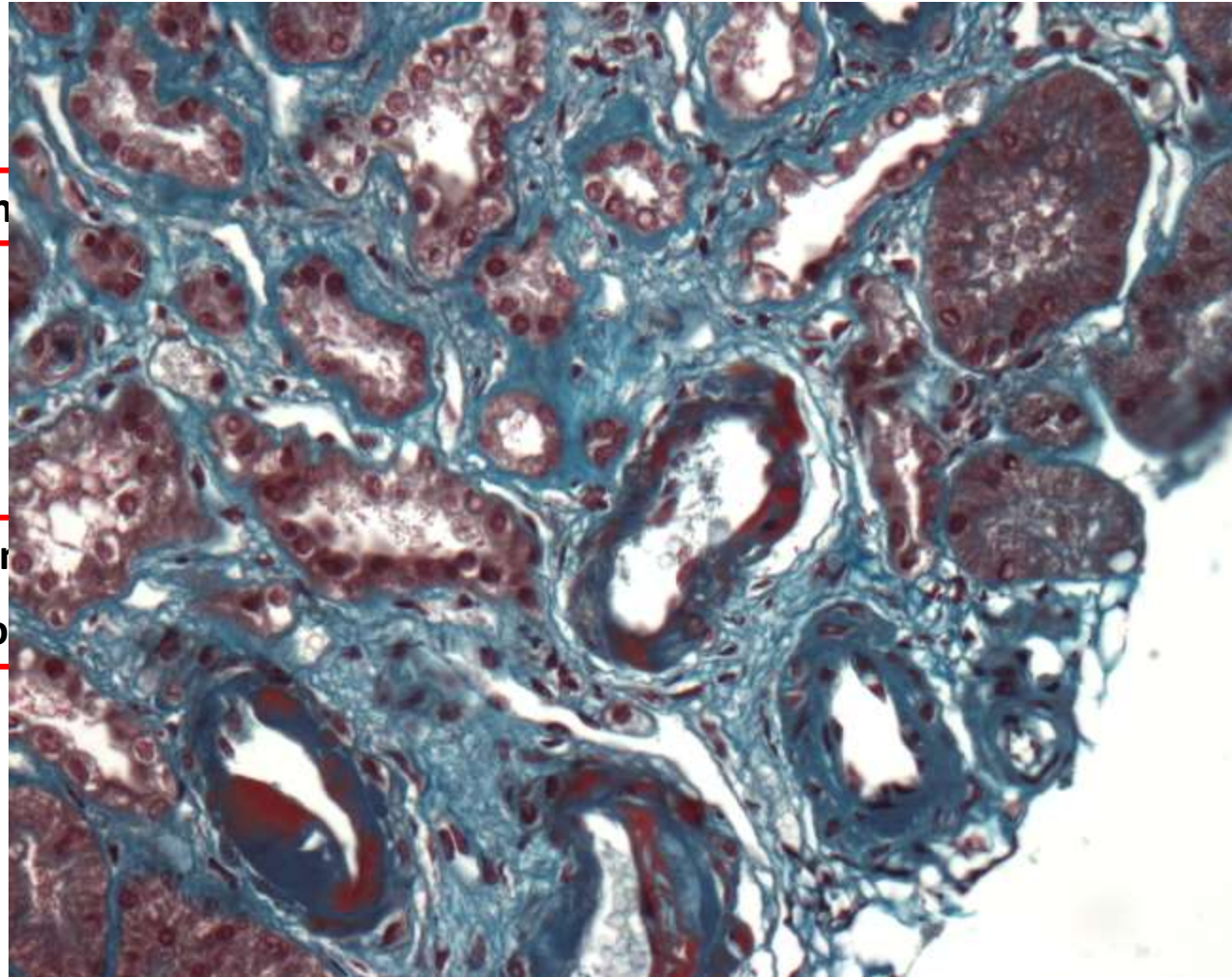
Histoire naturelle de la MRC



Histoire naturelle de la MRC

Neph

Comper
Functio



Introduction

- Malgré des événements précoces différents selon l'organe et/ou la pathologie, cela se termine par une **expansion et une activation des cellules sécrétrices de la MEC (les myofibroblastes)**.
- Comprendre les mécanismes de développement de la fibrose = **comprendre comment apparaissent les myofibroblastes!**
- Des efforts importants ont été déployés pour trouver **l'origine des myofibroblastes dans le rein** : les péricytes et les fibroblastes résidents ont été considérés comme les principaux types cellulaires d'origine.
- Changement phénotypique et moléculaire chez les Fibroblastes = processus de différenciation

Kuppe et al. Nature 2020

Kramann et al. Semin Nephrol, 2014

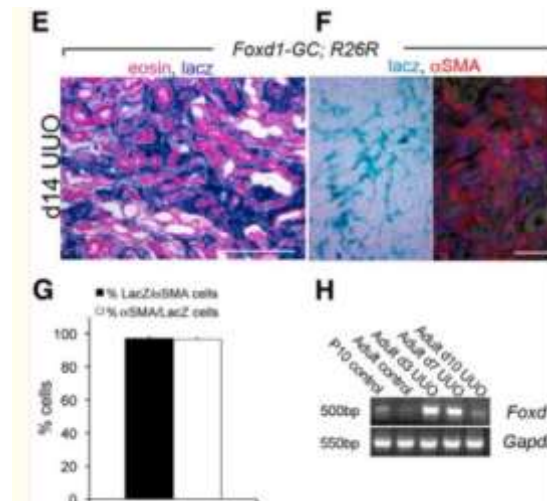
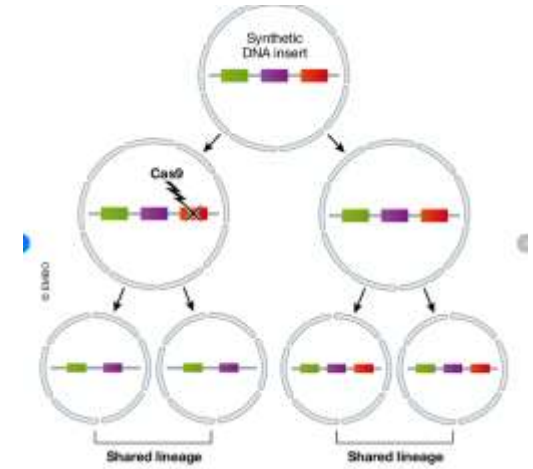
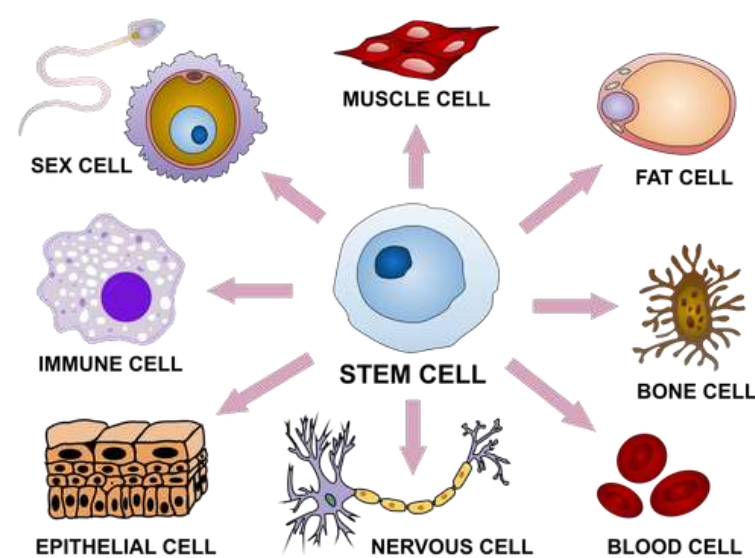
Humphreys et al. Am J Pathol 2010

Introduction

- Les avancées techniques ont permis de mieux comprendre ces processus
- En particulier les –Omics

Origine cellulaire des myofibroblastes

- Historiquement : Cell lineage
- Mais pas chez l'homme.
- Approche candidate



Kramann et al. Semin Nephrol, 2014
Humphreys et al. Am J Pathol 2010

Origine cellulaire des myofibroblastes

- Evolution technique: Apport de la transcriptomique?
- Surtout le single cell RNAseq!



Bulk RNAseq



Single cell RNAseq

Origine cellulaire des myofibroblastes

Article

Decoding myofibroblast origins in human kidney fibrosis

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2941-1>

Received: 30 January 2020

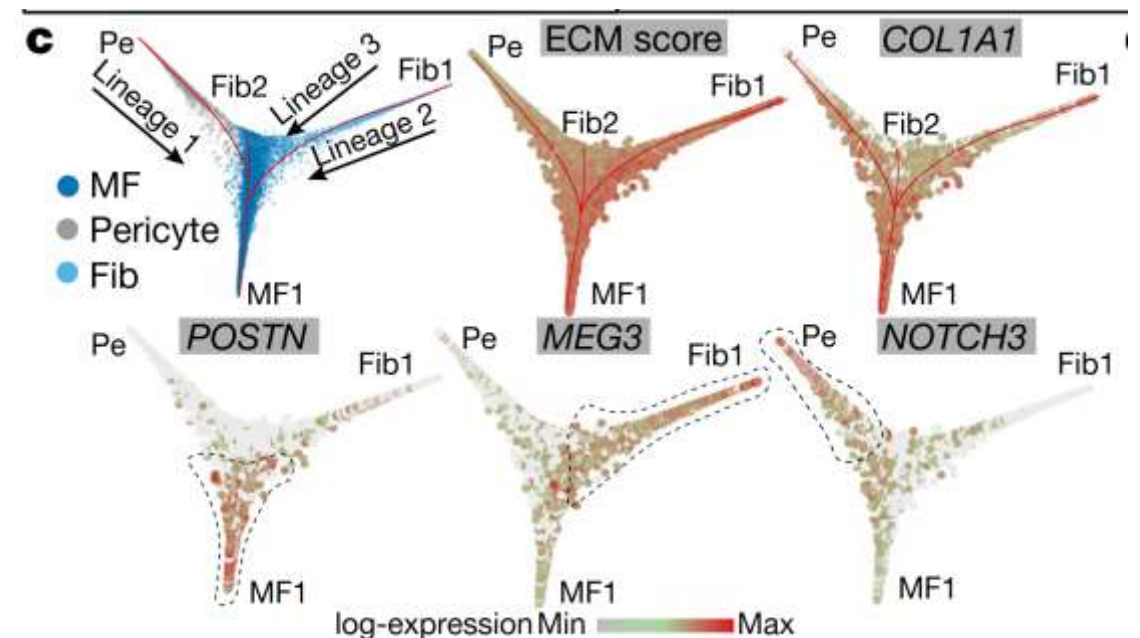
Accepted: 19 October 2020

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Christoph Kuppe^{1,2,10}, Mahmoud M. Ibrahim^{1,2,16,19}, Jennifer Kranz^{2,3,4}, Xiaoting Zhang², Susanne Ziegler², Javier Perales-Patón^{2,5,6}, Jitske Jansen^{2,3,8}, Katharina C. Reimer^{1,2,9}, James R. Smith¹⁰, Ross Dobie¹⁰, John R. Wilson-Kanamori¹⁰, Maurice Halder^{1,2}, Yaoxian Xu², Nazanin Kabgani², Nadine Kaesler^{1,2}, Martin Klaus¹¹, Lukas Gernhold¹¹, Victor G. Puelles^{11,12}, Tobias B. Huber¹⁰, Peter Boor^{1,13}, Sylvia Menzel², Remco M. Hoogenboezem¹⁴, Eric M. J. Bindels¹⁴, Joachim Steffens², Jürgen Floege¹, Rebekka K. Schneider^{1,14}, Julio Saez-Rodriguez^{5,6,15}, Neil C. Henderson^{10,16,20} & Rafael Kramann^{1,2,17,20}

Les myofibro proviennent très majoritairement de fibroblastes résidents et de pericytes



La chute du mythe de la Transition épithélio-mésenchymateuse? oui mais non



Epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) in kidney fibrosis: fact or fantasy?

Wilhelm Kriz, ... , Brigitte Kaissling, Michel Le Hir

J Clin Invest. 2011;121(2):468-474. <https://doi.org/10.1172/JCI44595>.

Pas de “vraie EMT” mais :
Dédifferentiation des cellules tubulaires: secretion de molecules profibrosantes et crosstalk avec les fibroblastes.

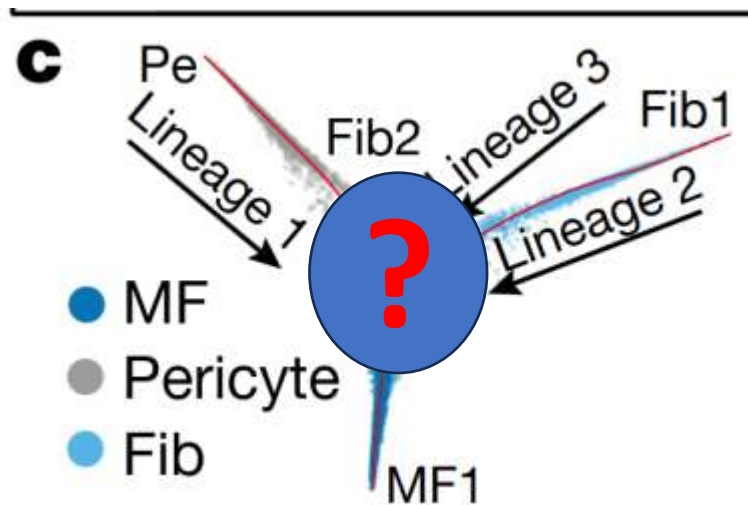
nature
medicine

Snail1-induced partial epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition drives renal fibrosis in mice and can be targeted to reverse established disease

M Teresa Grande^{1,5,6}, Berta Sánchez-Laorden^{1,6}, Cristina López-Blau¹, Cristina A De Frutos^{1,5}, Agnès Boutet^{1,5}, Miguel Arévalo^{2,3}, R Grant Rowe^{4,5}, Stephen J Weiss⁴, José M López-Novoa^{2,3} & M Angela Nieto¹

Mais que se passe-t-il entre l'origine et la fin?

- Hétérogénéité fibroblastique



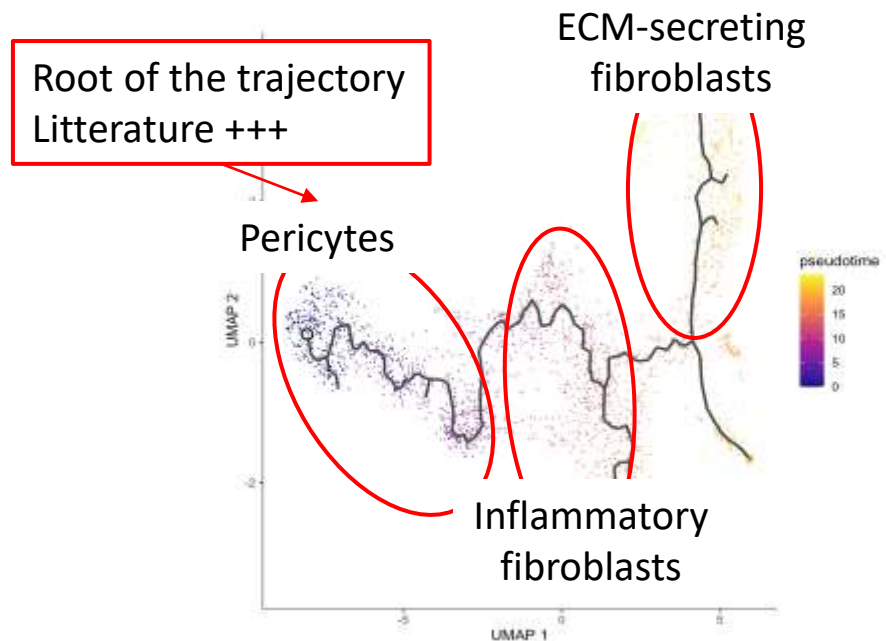
nature communications



Article

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-44886-6>

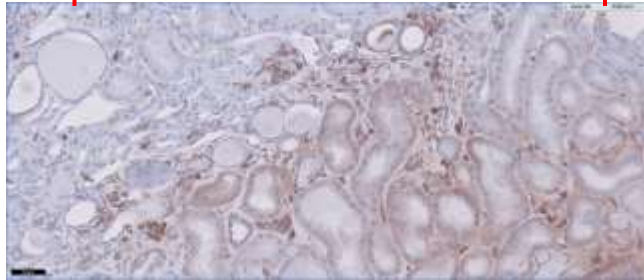
WNT-dependent interaction between inflammatory fibroblasts and FOLR2⁺ macrophages promotes fibrosis in chronic kidney disease



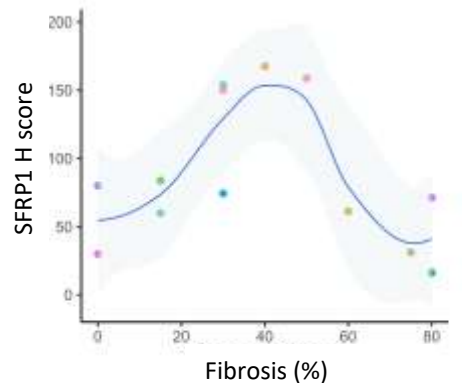
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Les fibroblastes inflammatoires?

Inflammatory Fibroblasts



Fibro inflammatoires



nature communications

Article

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-44886-6>

WNT-dependent interaction between inflammatory fibroblasts and FOLR2+ macrophages promotes fibrosis in chronic kidney disease



Probablement d'autres états de differentiation intermédiaires

QUESTION SUIVANTE?

Communication cellulaire? D'où viennent les signaux qui favorisent la differentiation des fibroblastes?

- Les fibro ne sont pas tout seul!

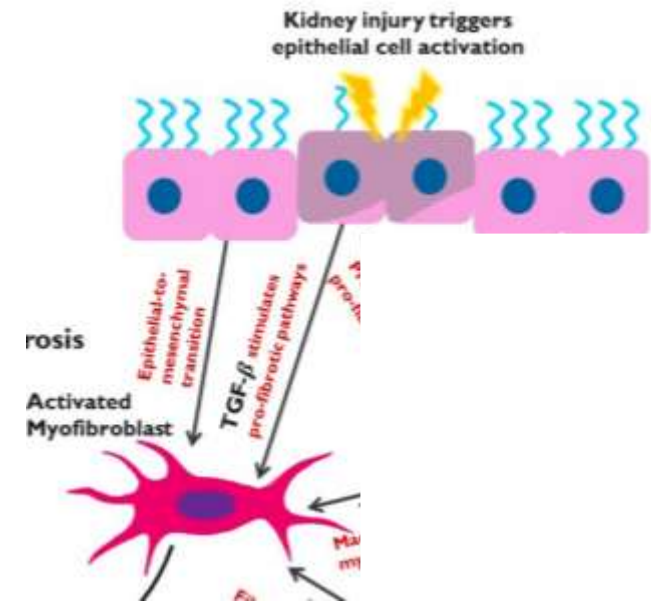
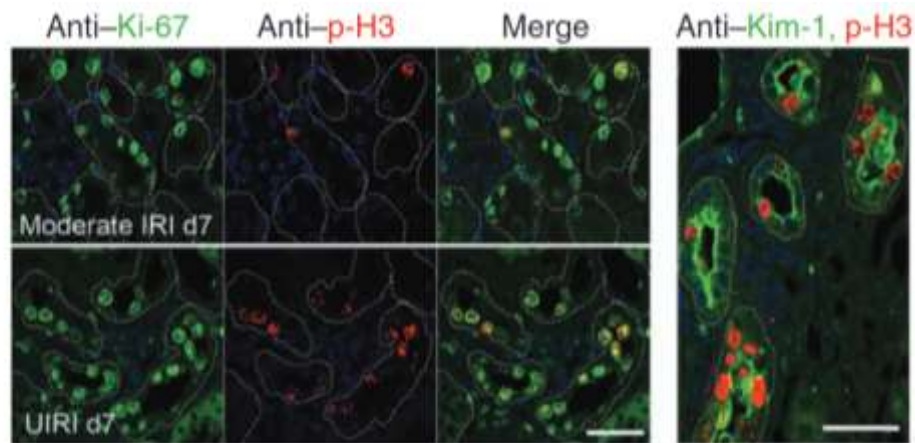
Communication cellulaire? Le tubule?

nature
medicine

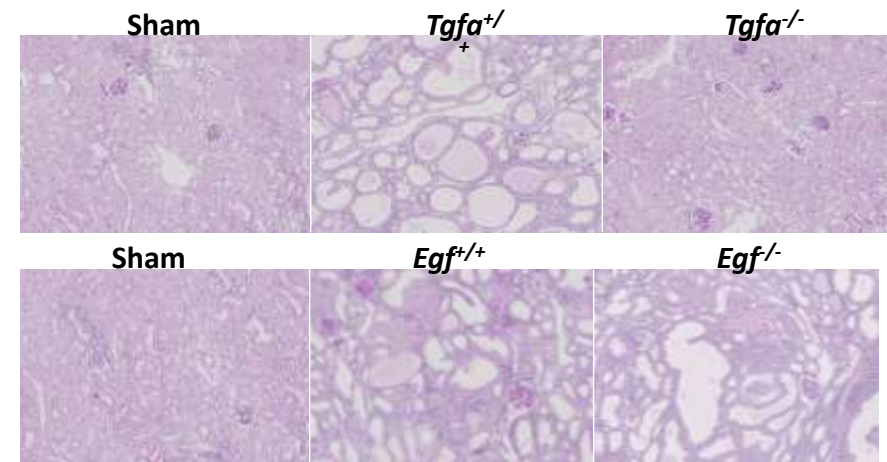
Blocage du cycle cellulaire

Epithelial cell cycle arrest in G2/M mediates kidney fibrosis after injury

Li Yang^{1,2}, Tatiana Y Besschetnova^{1,2}, Craig R Brooks¹, Jagesh V Shah^{1,3,4} & Joseph V Bonventre^{1,4}



Activation de l'EGFR



Cohen Terzi unpublished

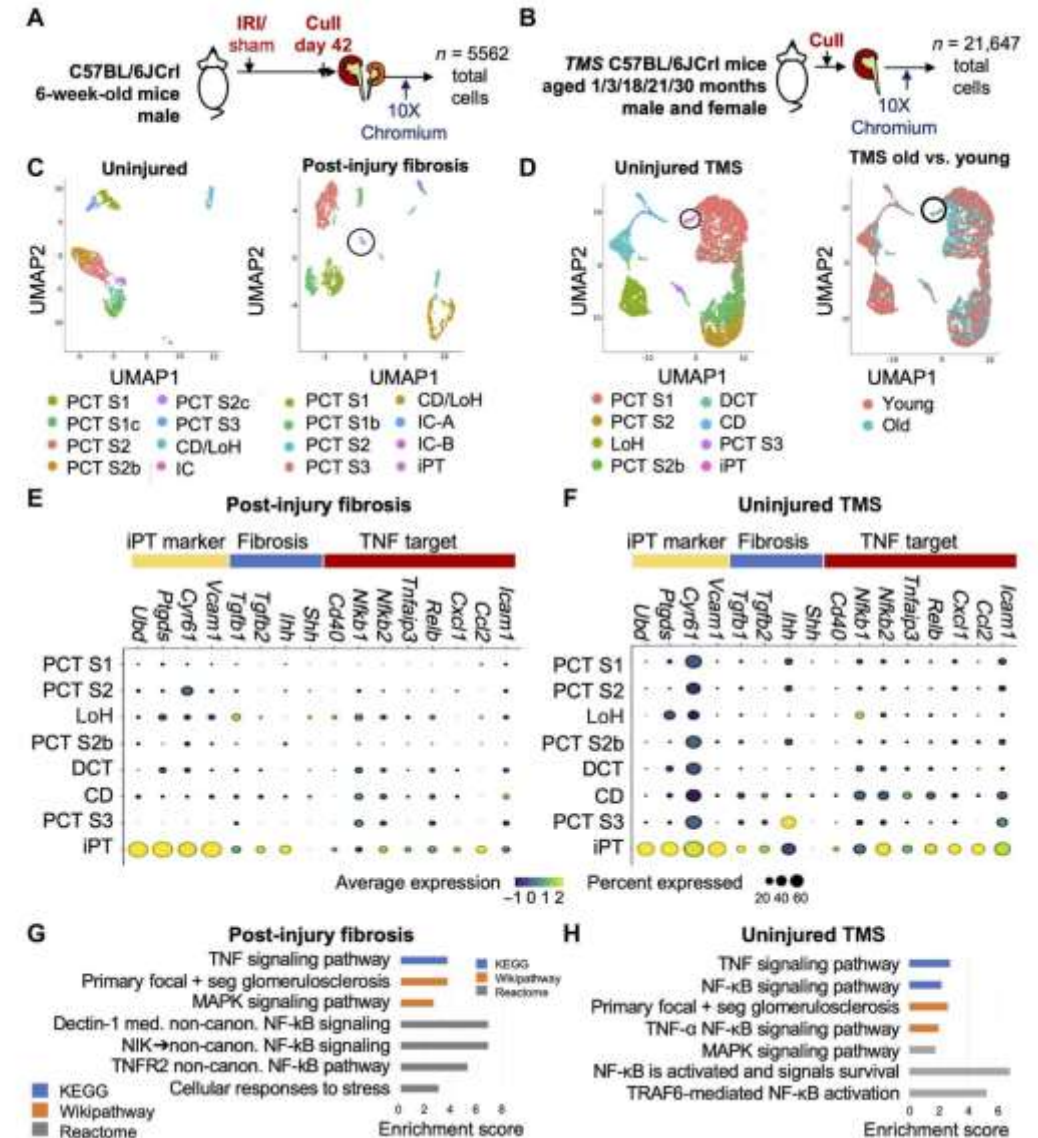
Communication cellulaire? Les cellules tubulaires pro-inflammatoires?

SCIENCE TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE | RESEARCH ARTICLE

FIBROSIS

Indian Hedgehog release from TNF-activated renal epithelia drives local and remote organ fibrosis

Eoin D. O'Sullivan^{1,2+}, Katie J. Mylonas¹⁺, Cuiyan Xin³⁺, David P. Baird¹, Cyril Carvalho¹, Marie-Helena Docherty¹, Ross Campbell¹, Kylie P. Matchett¹, Scott H. Waddell⁴, Alexander D. Walker⁴, Kevin M. Gallagher^{1,5}, Siyang Jia¹, Steve Leung⁵, Alexander Laird⁵, Julia Wilflingseder^{3,6}, Michaela Willi⁷, Maximilian Reck⁸, Sarah Finnie⁸, Angela Pisco⁹, Sabrina Gordon-Keylock¹⁰, Alexander Medvinsky¹⁰, Luke Boulter⁴, Neil C. Henderson^{1,4}, Kristina Kirschner^{11,12}, Tamir Chandra⁴, Bryan R. Conway⁸, Jeremy Hughes¹, Laura Denby⁸, Joseph V. Bonventre³, David A. Ferenbach^{1,3*}



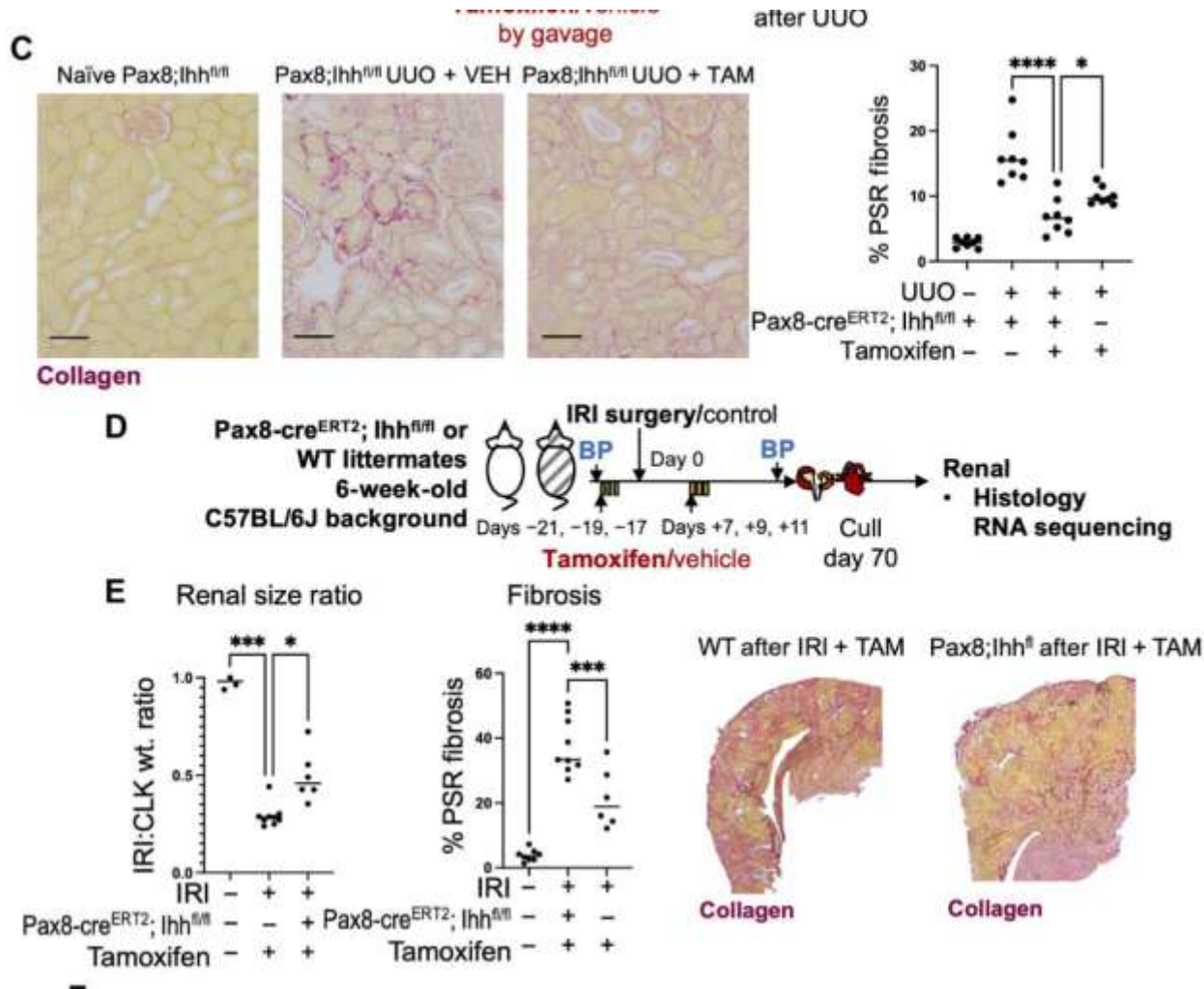
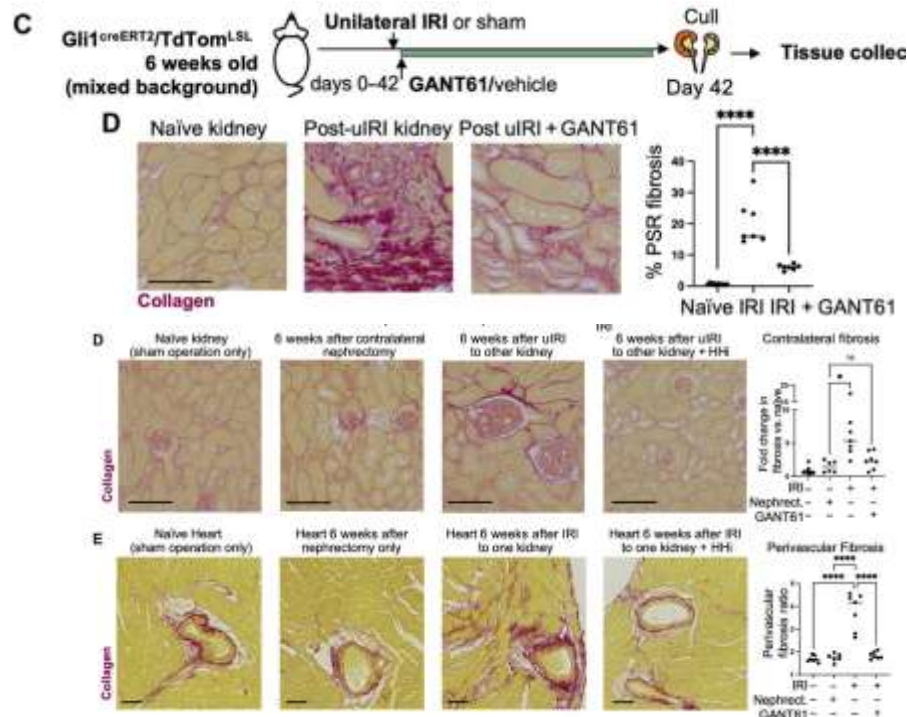
Communication cellulaire? Les cellules tubulaires pro-inflammatoires secretent IHH qui favorise la fibrose

SCIENCE TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE | RESEARCH ARTICLE

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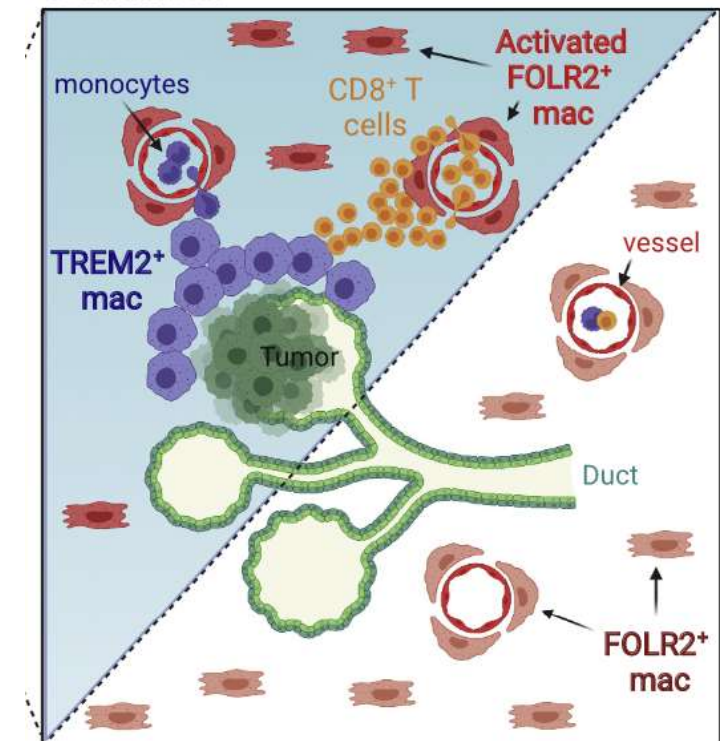
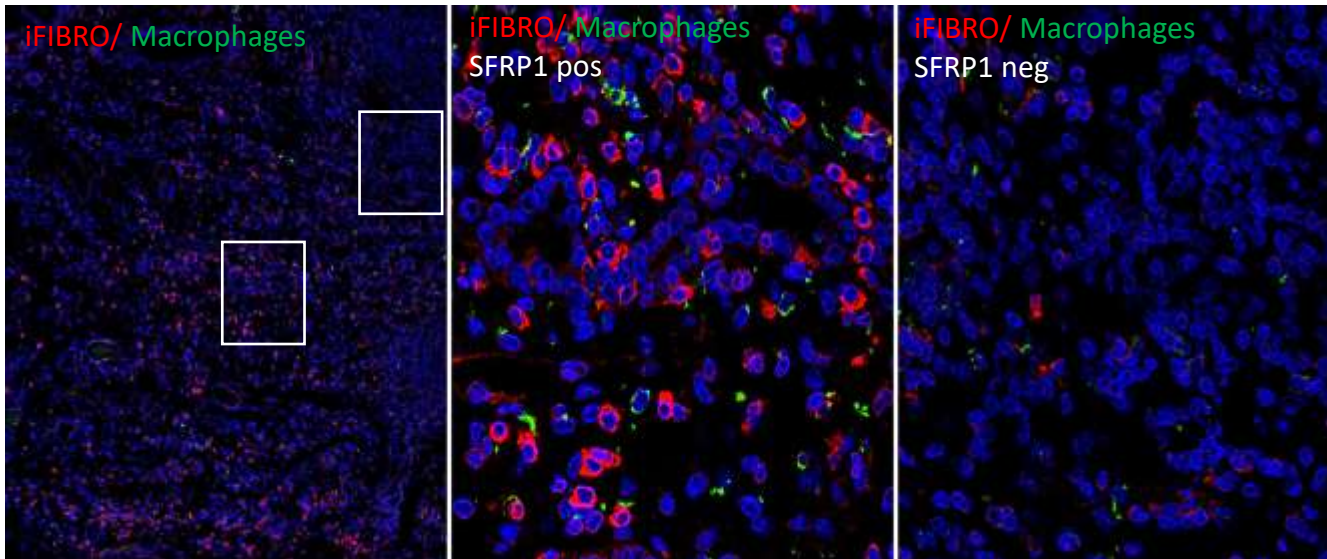
Communication cellulaire? Les cellules immunes?

nature communications

Article

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-44886-7>

WNT-dependent interaction between inflammatory fibroblasts and FOLR2⁺ macrophages promotes fibrosis in chronic kidney disease



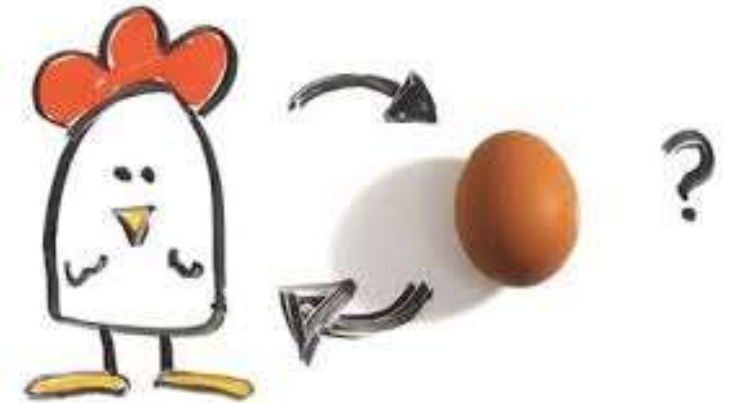
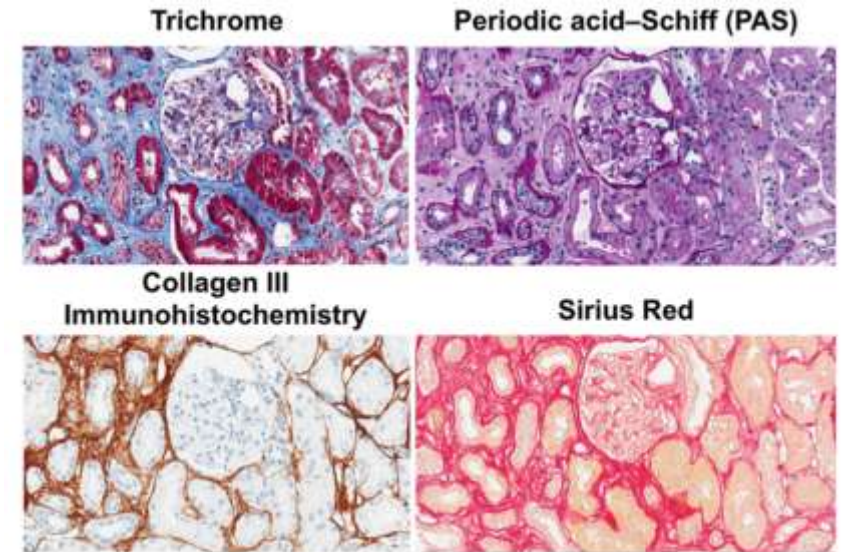
Cell

Article

Tissue-resident FOLR2⁺ macrophages associate with CD8⁺ T cell infiltration in human breast cancer

Résumé intermédiaire

- Une origine des fibroblastes mieux comprise
- Des étapes de differentiation fibroblastiques mieux comprises
- Plusieurs acteurs cellulaires
- Mais qui interagit avec qui? Dans quel ordre?
 - Concept de la niche fibrotique
 - Basée sur l'observation de la fibrose "patchy"
 - Apport de la transcriptomique spatiale?



La niche fibrotique, apport de la transcriptomique spatiale

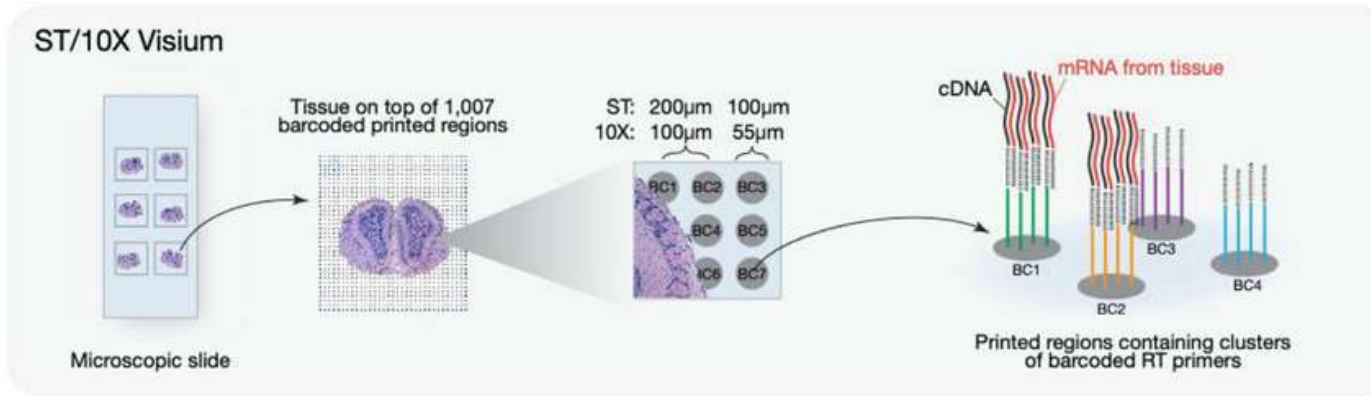


Single cell RNAseq

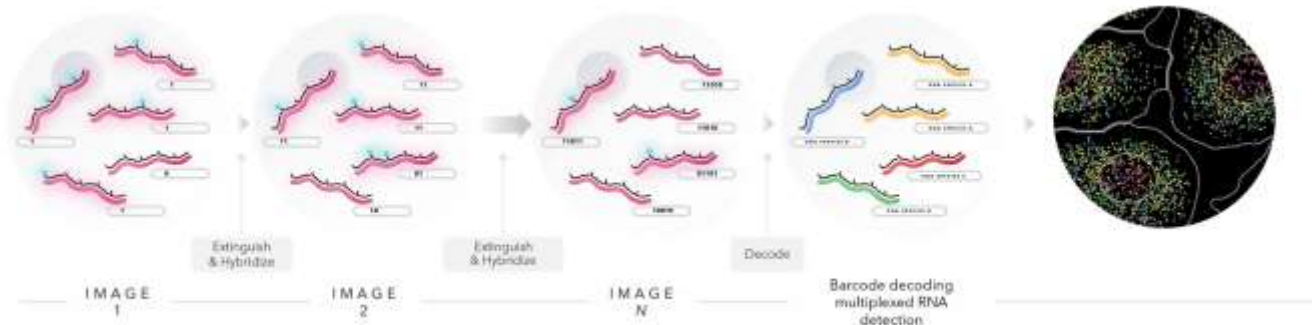


Spatial transcriptomic

Differentes techniques de spatiale



Spot based: transcriptome mais plusieurs cellules par spot



Hybridation in situ haut debit
Résolution subcellulaire mais panel de qq centaines de gènes

a

Nephron

Cortex

Outer stripe

Inner stripe

Inner medulla

b

Immune cells

Endothelial cells

Stromal cells

Epithelial cells

c

Mean cell type frequency

Subclass

RNA

d

e

Slide-seq2

f

scRNA-seq vs Slide-seq2

g

Histology

POD

C-TAL

M-TAL

DTL2

SLC12A1

La niche fibrotique

Article

An atlas of healthy and injured cell states and niches in the human kidney

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-023-05769-3>

Received: 31 July 2021

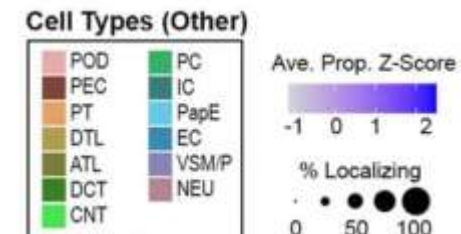
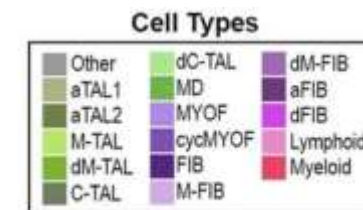
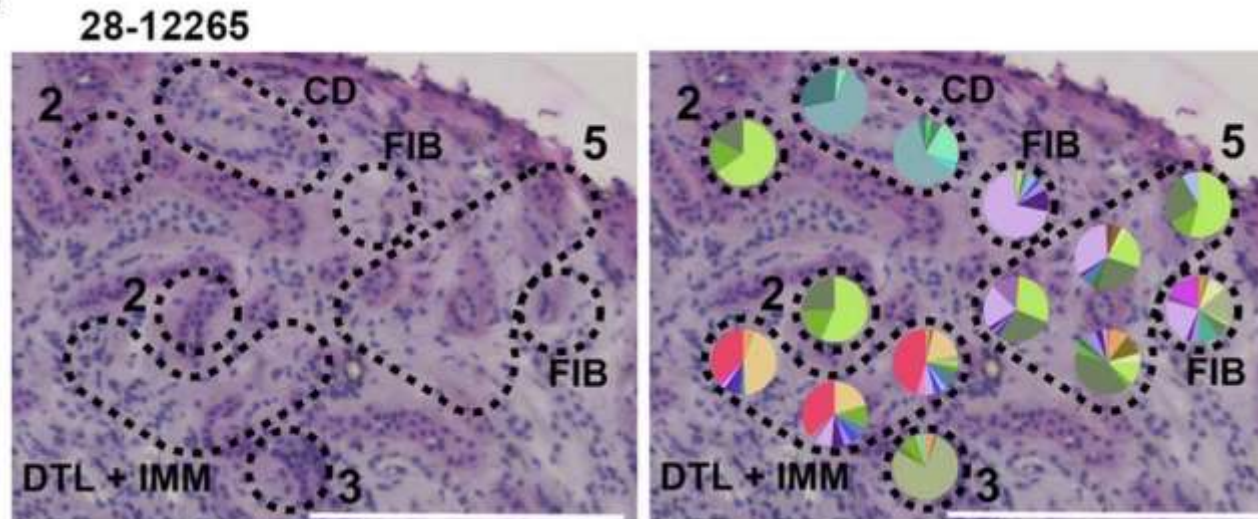
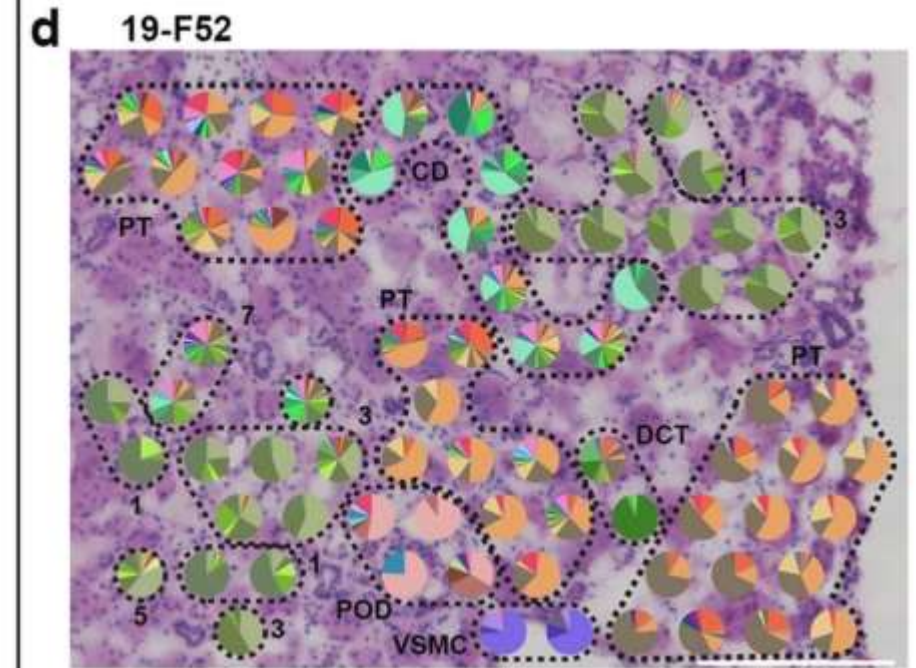
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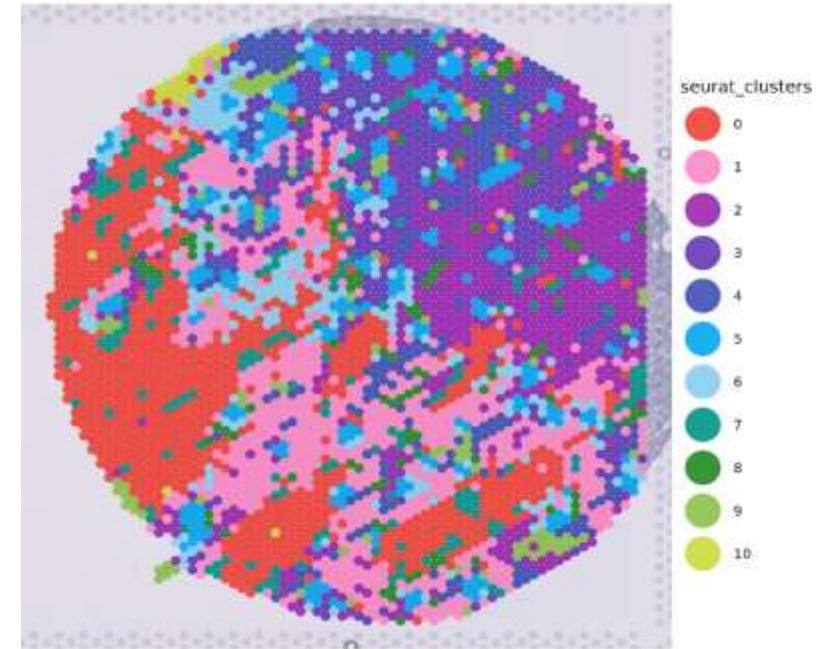
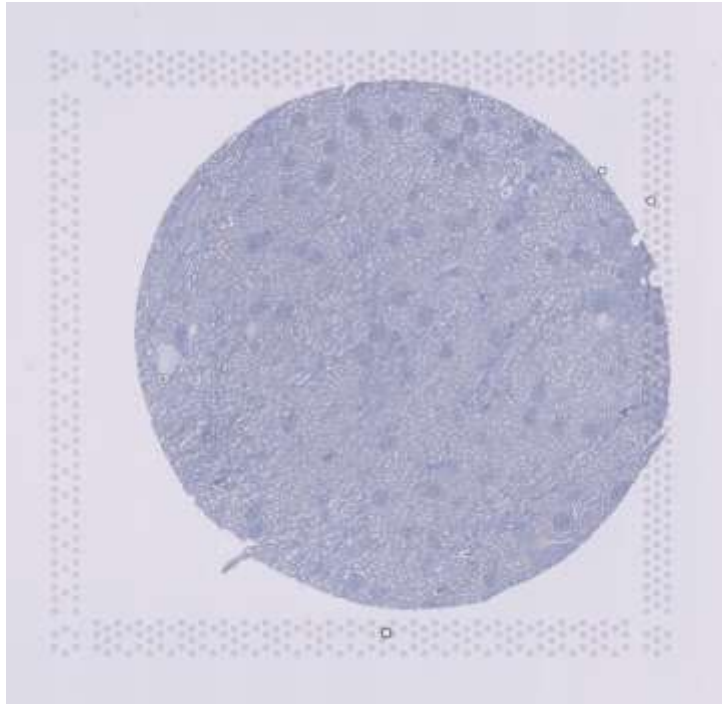
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Blue B. Lake^{1,43,44}, Rajasree Menon^{2,45}, Seth Winfree^{3,46}, Qiwen Hu^{4,46}, Ricardo Melo Ferreira^{2,41}, Kian Kaihor^{1,41}, Daria Barwinska², Edgar A. Otto⁴, Michael Ferkowicz³, Dinh Diep^{1,42}, Nongluk Plongthongkum¹, Amanda Knoten⁷, Sarah Urata¹, Laura H. Mariani², Abhijit S. Naik⁶, Sean Eddy⁴, Bo Zhang¹, Yan Wu^{1,42}, Diane Salamon¹, James C. Williams², Xin Wang⁴, Karol S. Balderrama⁴, Paul J. Hoover⁶, Evan Murray⁴, Jamie L. Marshall⁶, Teia Noel⁴, Anitha Vijayan⁷, Austin Hartman⁴, Fei Chen⁴, Sushrut S. Waikar¹⁰, Sylvia E. Rosas^{2,12}, Francis P. Wilson¹³, Paul M. Palevsky¹⁴, Krzysztof Kiryluk¹⁵, John R. Sedor¹⁶, Robert D. Toto¹⁷, Chirag R. Parikh¹⁸, Eric H. Kim¹⁹, Rahul Satija⁴, Anna Greka⁴, Evan Z. Macosko⁴, Peter V. Kharchenko^{4,42}, Joseph P. Gaut²⁰, Jeffrey B. Hodgins²¹, KPMP Consortium*, Michael T. Eadon²², Pierre C. Dagher²³, Tarek M. El-Achkar²⁴, Kun Zhang^{1,40,21}, Matthias Kretzler^{4,25} & Sanjay Jain^{1,30,26}

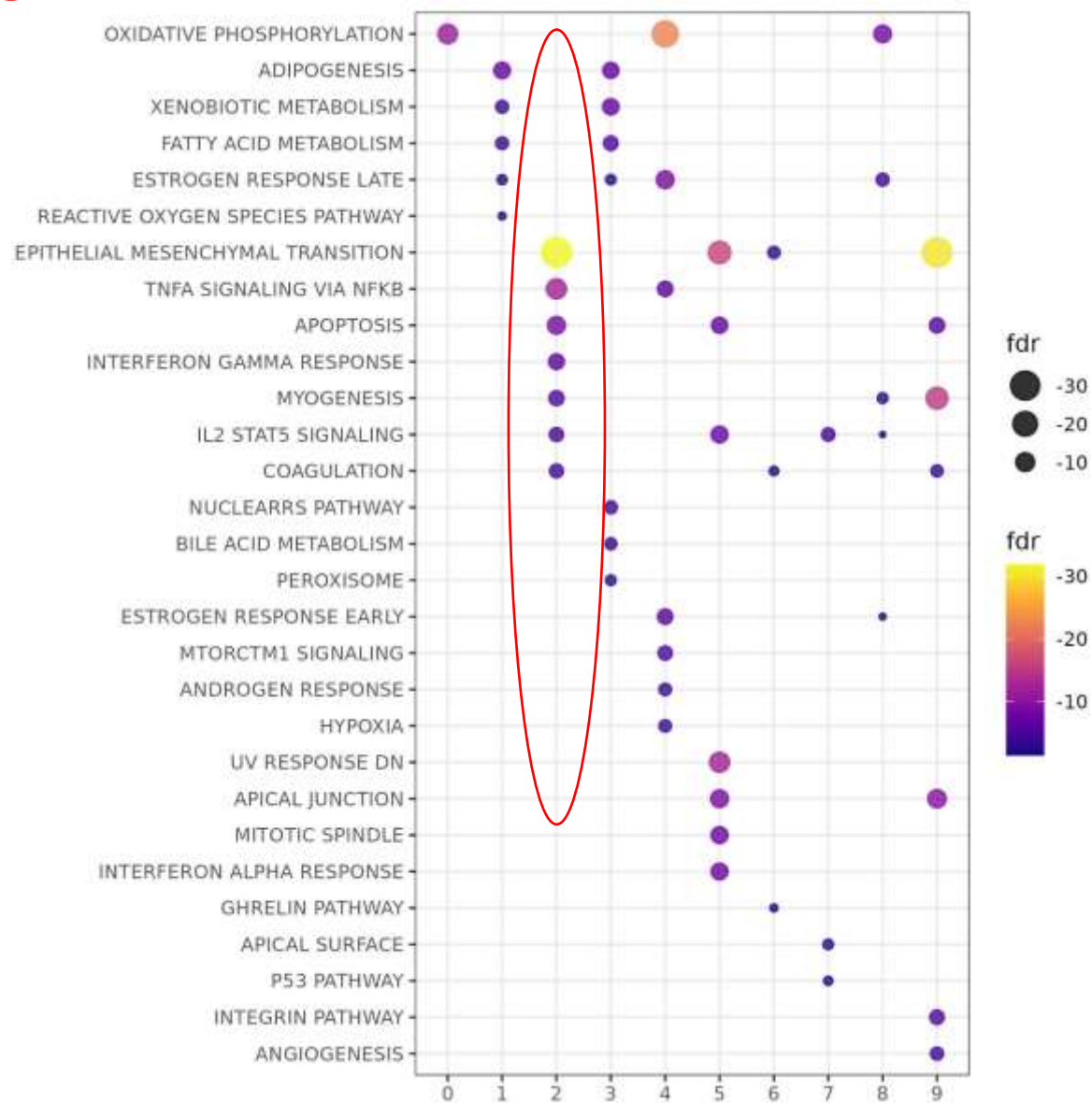
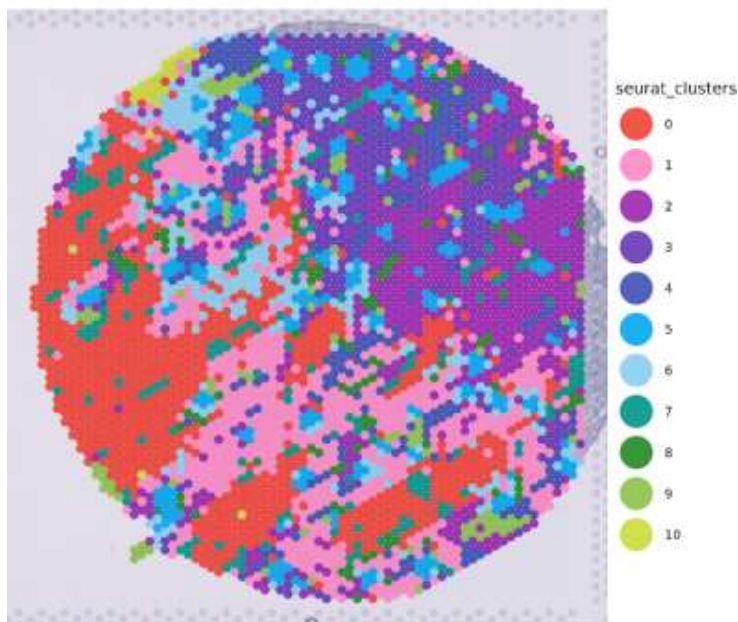


La niche fibrotique

	Pt #1
Age	53
Gender	M
Serum creatinine at Nx (μM)	114
eGFR at Nx ($\text{mL}/\text{min}/1.73\text{m}^2$)	62
HTN	Yes
Diabetes mellitus	Yes
Cause of CKD	Vascular and diabetic nephropathy

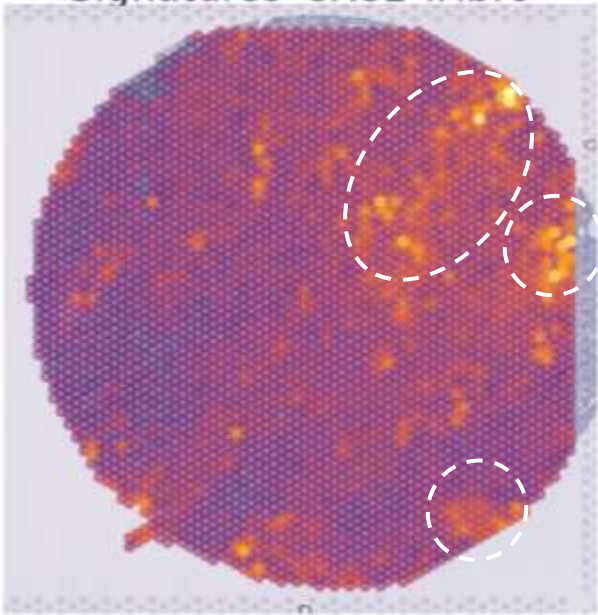


La niche fibrotique

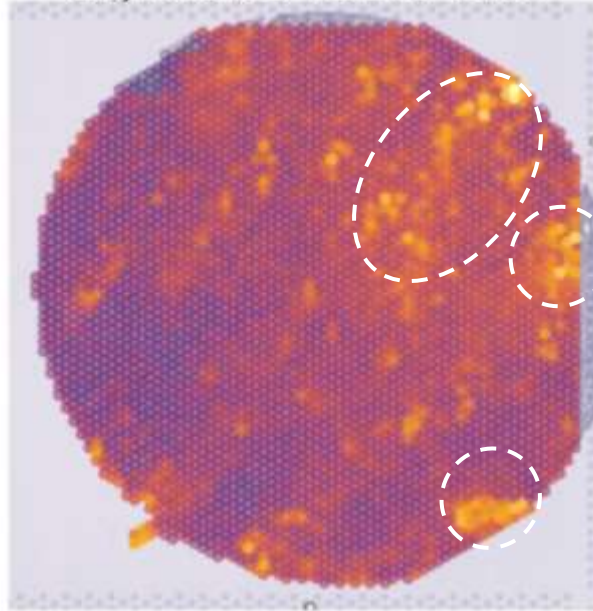


La niche fibrotique, vers un peu plus de mécanistique?

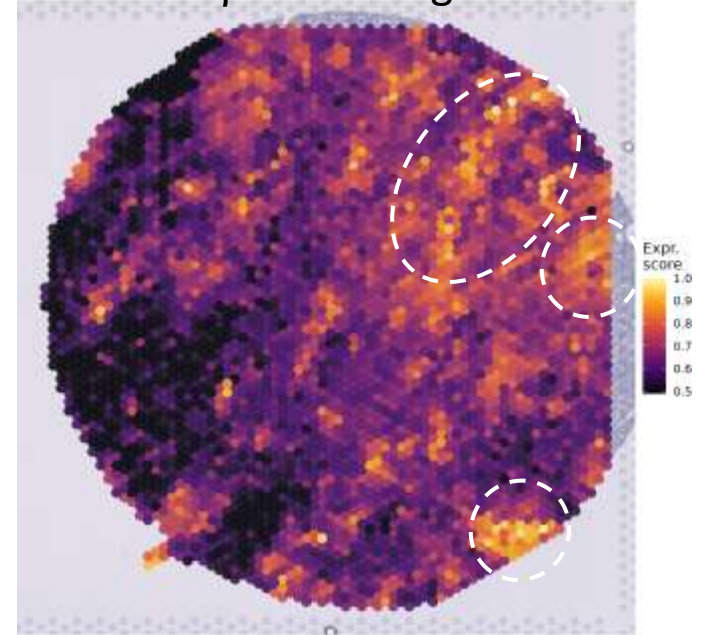
Signatures CXCL iFibro



Signatures FOLR2 CKD



Wnt- β catenin signature



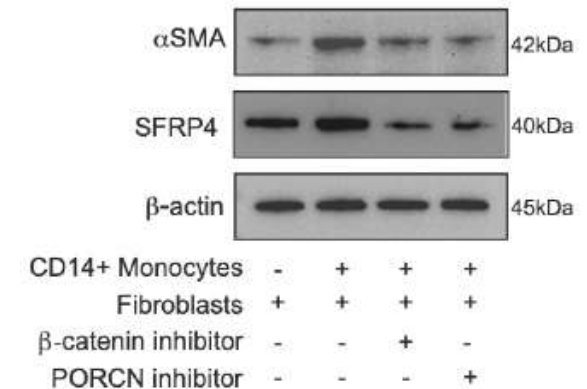
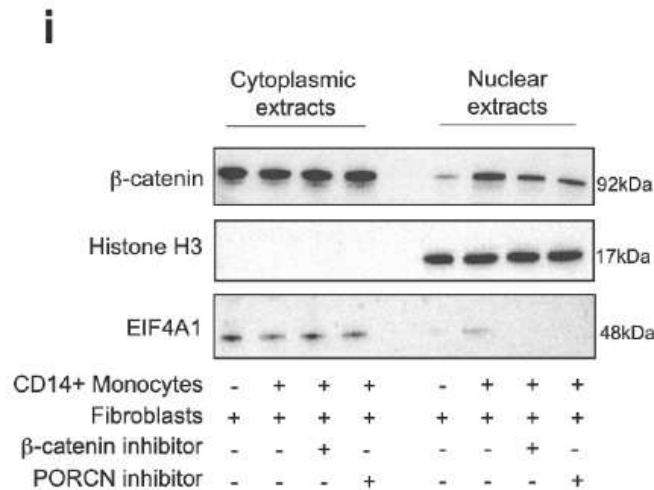
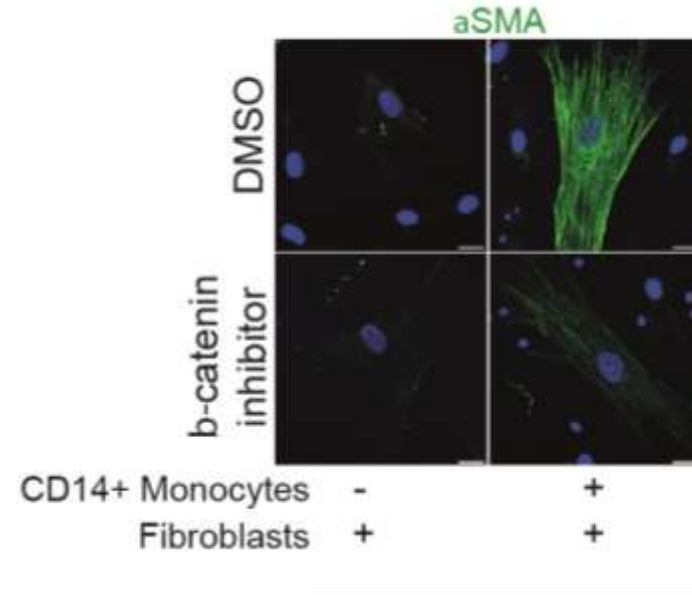
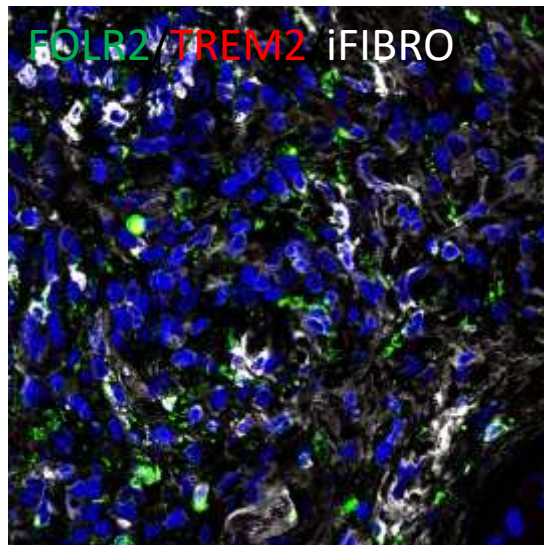
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nature communications

Article

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-44886-6>

WNT-dependent interaction between inflammatory fibroblasts and FOLR2⁺ macrophages promotes fibrosis in chronic kidney disease



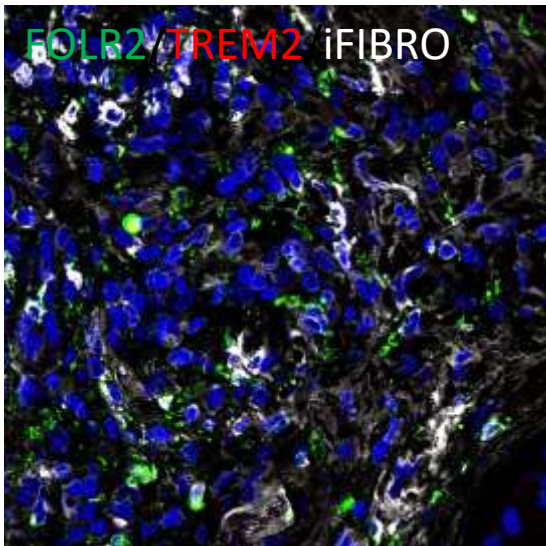
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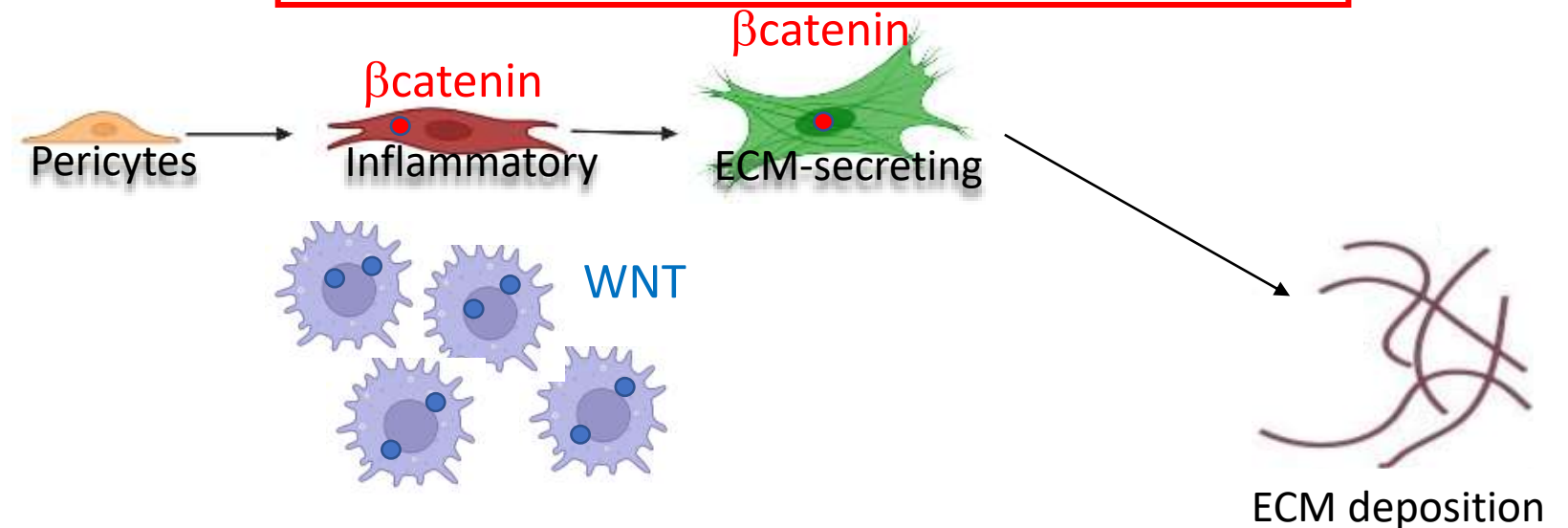
Article

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Role of macrophages in phenotypic switch in fibroblasts



QUESTION SUIVANTE

Et la pertinence clinique?

Pertinence clinique?

nature communications

Article

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Article

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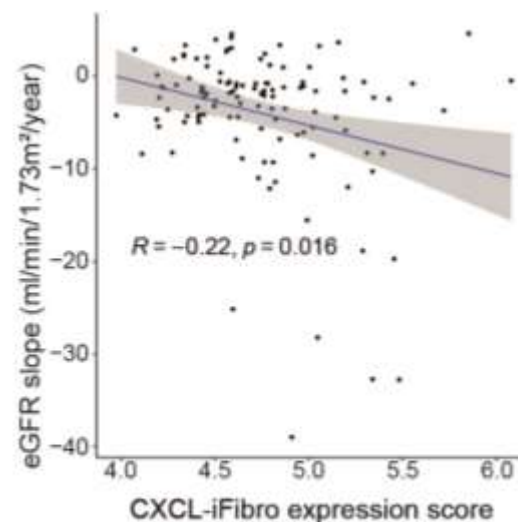
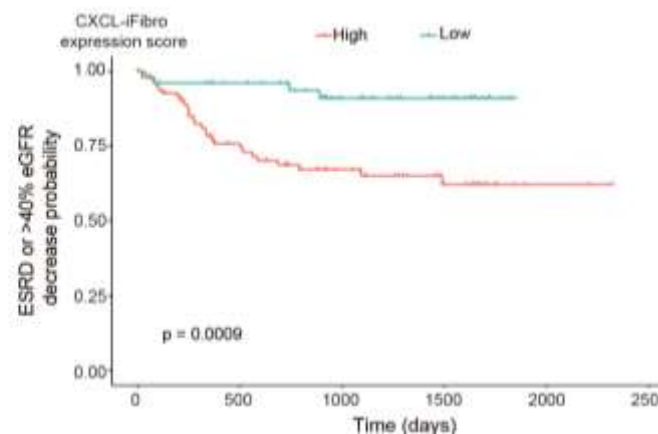
Published online: 19 July 2023

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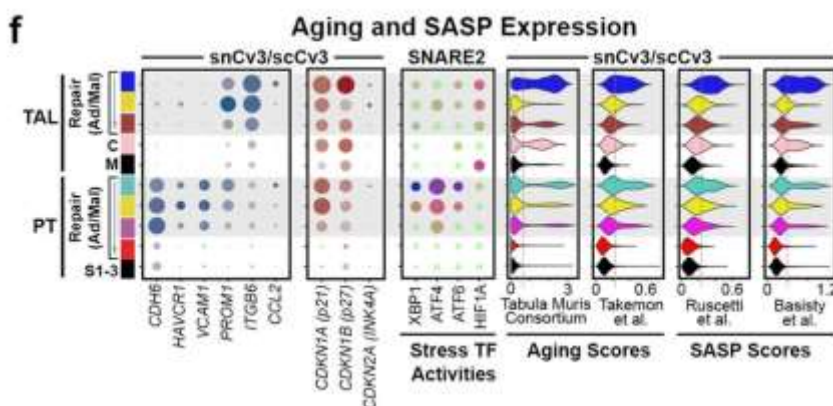
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Blue B. Lake^{1,45,46}, Rajasree Menon^{1,46}, Seth Winfree^{1,46}, Qiwen Hu^{1,46}, Ricardo Melo Ferreira^{2,46}, Kian Kalhor^{1,46}, Daria Barwinska³, Edgar A. Otto⁴, Michael Ferkowicz⁴, Dinh Diep^{1,46}, Nongluk Plongthongkum¹, Amanda Knoten¹, Sarah Urata¹, Laura H. Mariani⁵, Abhijit S. Naik⁶, Sean Eddy⁷, Bo Zhang⁸, Yan Wu^{1,46}, Diane Salamon⁹, James C. Williams⁹, Xin Wang⁹, Karol S. Balderrama⁹, Paul J. Hoover⁹, Evan Murray⁹, Jamie L. Marshall⁹, Teia Noel⁹, Anitha Vijayan⁹, Austin Hartman⁹, Fei Chen⁹, Sushrut S. Waikar¹⁰, Sylvia E. Rosas^{10,11}, Francis P. Wilson¹², Paul M. Palevsky¹³, Krzysztof Kiryluk¹⁴, John R. Sedor¹⁵, Robert D. Toto¹⁶, Chirag R. Parikh¹⁷, Eric H. Kim¹⁸, Rahul Satija¹⁹, Anna Greka²⁰, Evan Z. Macosko²¹, Peter V. Kharchenko^{22,23}, Joseph P. Gaut²⁴, Jeffrey B. Hodglin²⁵, KPMP Consortium²⁶, Michael T. Eadon^{27,28}, Pierre C. Dagher^{29,30}, Tarek M. El-Achkar^{30,31}, Kun Zhang^{1,40,32}, Matthias Kretzler^{33,34} & Sanjay Jain^{1,30,35}

d



f



QUESTION SUIVANTE

Perspective thérapeutiques?

Perspective thérapeutiques?

Table 1. Treatment approaches for kidney fibrosis.

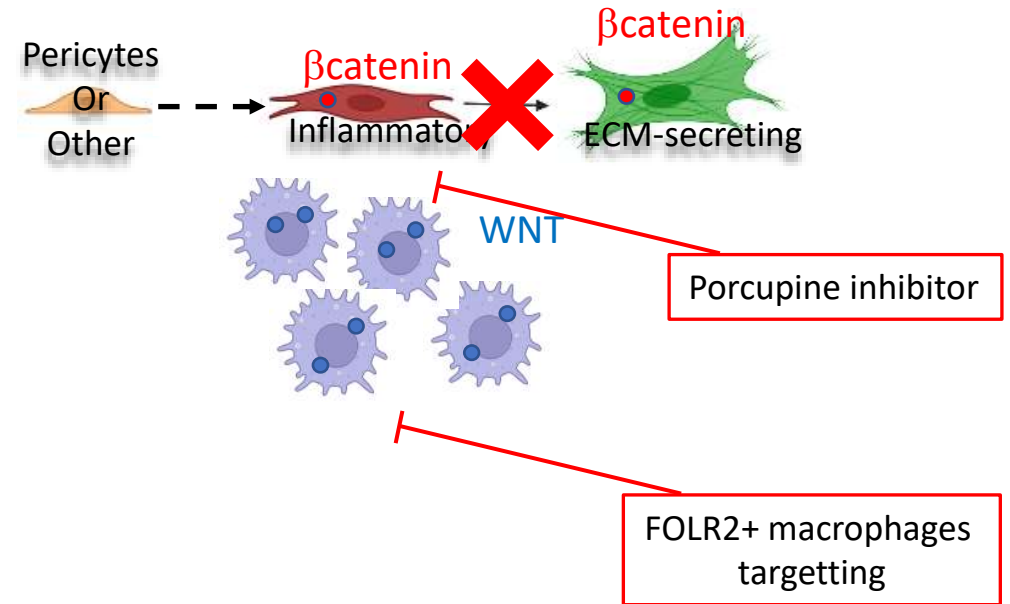
Current Status	Treatment	Description	References
In clinical use	Renin-angiotensin blockers	Inhibit the RAAS, slowing CKD progression and kidney fibrosis; also reduces the activity of TGF- β , PAII, and PDGF, all molecules involved in promoting glomerular damage.	[168–172,183]
In clinical use	Mineralocorticoid receptor (MR) antagonists	Inhibit the activation of aldosterone at the MR, reducing inflammation and proteinuria; block the transcription of various inflammatory mediators that contribute to kidney fibrosis such as PAII, TGF- β , NF- κ β , and IL-6.	[194–204]
In clinical use	Sodium-glucose cotransporter-2 (SGLT-2) inhibitors	Inhibit glucose reuptake by the kidney via SGLT-2 transporters located in the proximal tubules; promote lower macrophage-mediated inflammation and cytokines such as IL-6, TNF- α , IFN γ , NF- κ β , TLR-4, and TGF- β , thus reducing glomerular fibrosis. They also lower glomerular pressure and improve renal hemodynamics. Protective against ESRD even in patients without type 2 diabetes.	[205–211,219–222]
Experimental	Pirfenidone	Antifibrotic orally administered drug; works mainly via inhibition of TGF- β and MAPK signalling. Has anti-inflammatory and antioxidant activity.	[223–225,230–236]
Experimental	MicroRNA silencing	Antisense oligonucleotides that silence specific fibrosis-related microRNAs are being explored. Lademirsen, an anti-microRNA-21 drug, failed in human studies, even though microRNA21 is deregulated in kidney fibrosis. Antisense oligonucleotides that silence other microRNAs may be a viable treatment.	[245–253]
Experimental	Mesenchymal stem cells (MSC)	Multi-potent adult stem cells that demonstrate anti-fibrotic and anti-inflammatory abilities and can induce repair and regeneration.	[272,279]

Plutôt décevant pour le moment

Perspective thérapeutiques?

La meilleure compréhension des mécanismes pourra permettre d'identifier des cibles thérapeutiques

Blocage de molécules secrétées, comme IHH?

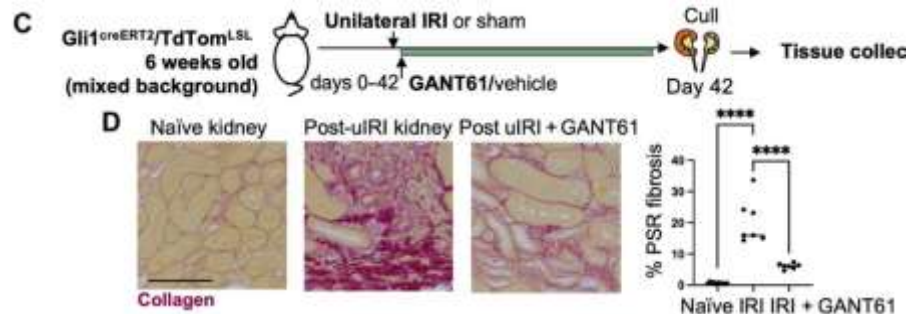


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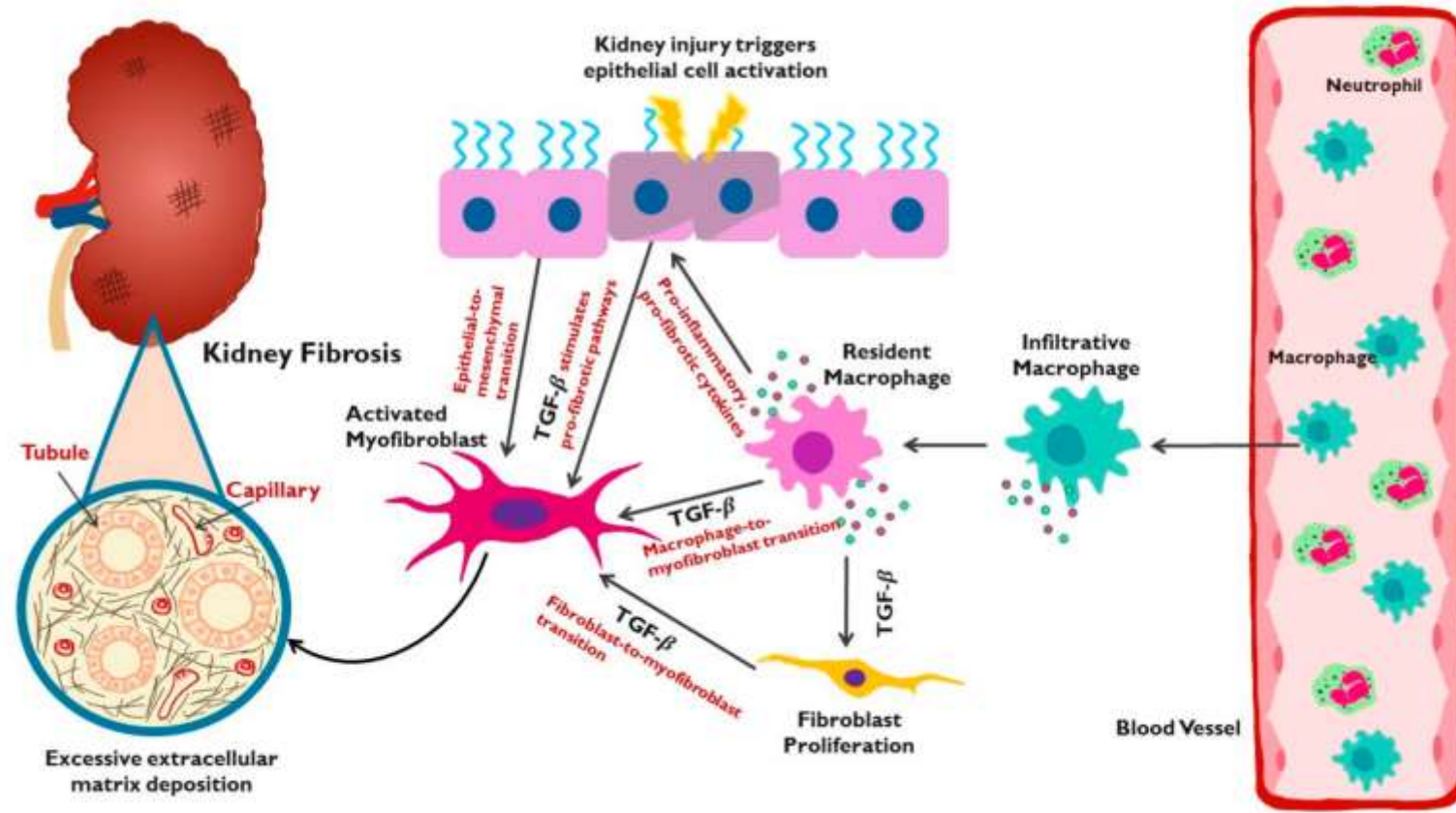
FIBROSIS

Indian Hedgehog release from TNF-activated renal epithelia drives local and remote organ fibrosis

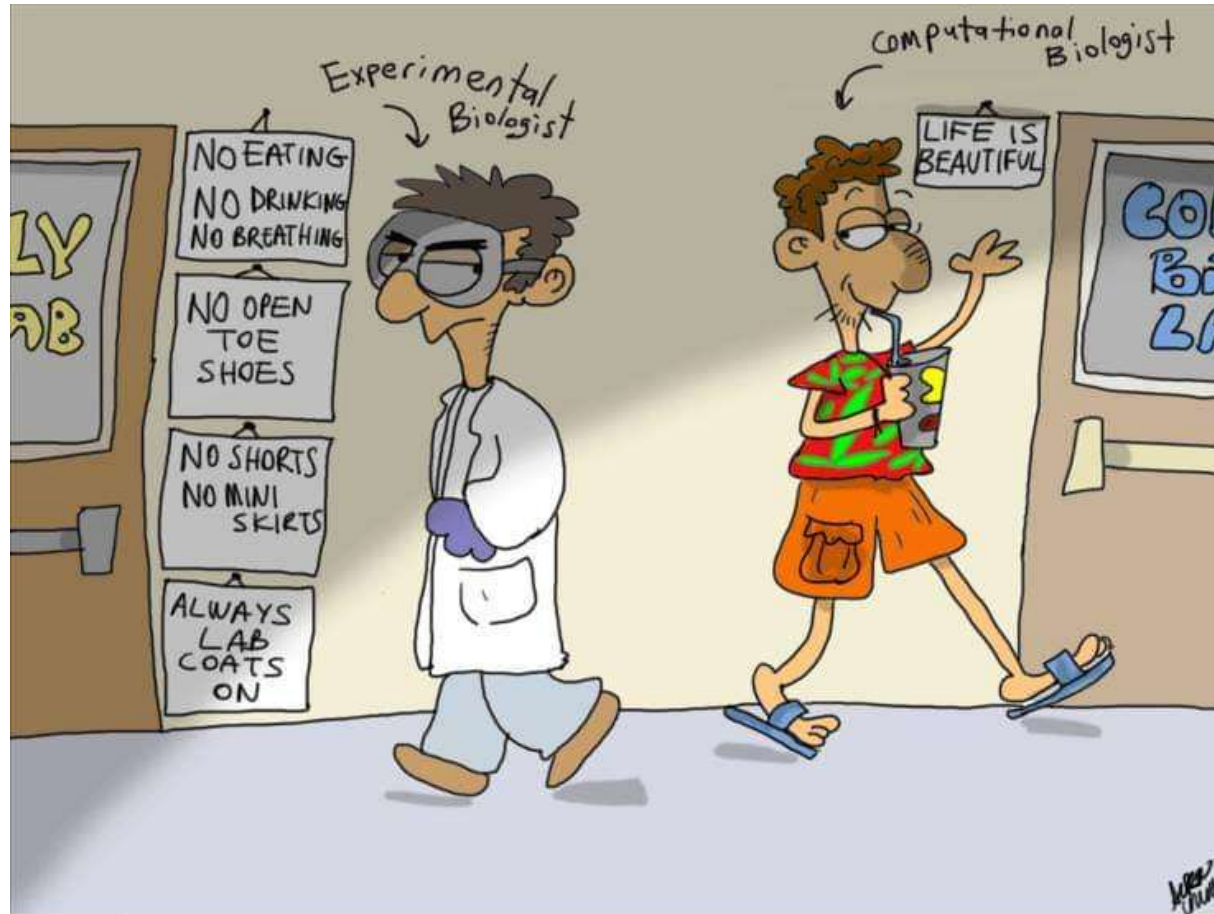
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Conclusion



Bioinformatician is the new cool guy in the lab!



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